AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Claims 1-8. (Cancelled).

- 9. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing restenosis by at least 50% in a patient having suffered a vascular injury, which comprises the step of administering an effective dose of 17-\(\beta\) estradiol or a derivative thereof at an injured site in the lumen of a blood vessel of to said patient.
- 10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 9, wherein said dose is administered in a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

Claims 11-14. (Cancelled).

- 15. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein 17- β estradiol or a derivative thereof is present in a dose unit of 1 to 5000 μ g/Kg of patient's body weight.
- 16. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein 17- β estradiol or a derivative thereof is present in a dose unit of 10 to 50 μ g/Kg of patient's body weight.
- 17. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein 17- β estradiol or a derivative thereof is present in a dose unit of 10 to 30 μ g/Kg of patient's body weight.
- 18. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, which comprises a single administration.
- 19. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein said 17- β estradiol or derivative thereof is administered with a device.
- 20. (New) A method as defined in claim 19, wherein the device is a catheter containing said 17-β estradiol or derivative thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 21. (New) A method as defined in claim 19, wherein the device is a stent coated with said 17-β estradiol or derivative thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 22. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein said 17- β estradiol or derivative thereof is administered following percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA).
- 23. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein said 17-β estradiol or derivative thereof is administered simultaneously to percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA).
- 24. (New) A method as defined in claim 9, wherein said method uses 17-β estradiol.
- 25. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, wherein 17- β estradiol is present in a dose unit of 1 to 5000 μ g/Kg of patient's body weight.
- 26. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, wherein 17- β estradiol is present in a dose unit of 10 to 50 μ g/Kg of patient's body weight.
- 27. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, wherein 17- β estradiol is present in a dose unit of 10 to 30 μ g/Kg of patient's body weight.
- 28. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, which comprises a single administration.
- 29. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, wherein 17- β estradiol is administered with a device.
- 30. (New) A method as defined in claim 29, wherein the device is a catheter containing said 17-β estradiol, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 31. (New) A method as defined in claim 29, wherein the device is a stent coated with said 17-β estradiol, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 32. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, wherein said 17-β estradiol is administered following percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA).
- 33. (New) A method as defined in claim 24, wherein said 17-β estradiol is administered simultaneously to percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty (PTCA).